

# Specifications of Your Hospital Report Data

Department of Human Services, Victoria  
October 2005

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## Figure 1: Funding for health and aged care services

- 1.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 1.2 Source: Victorian State Government Budget Papers
- 1.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2005-06
- 1.4 Definition: Public hospital operating funds split by public hospitals (acute health) and other health and aged care services

## Table 1: Funding for public hospitals, ambulance, mental health and dental health services (\$ million)

- 1.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 1.2 Source: Victorian State Government Budget Papers
- 1.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2005-06
- 1.4 Definition: Public hospital operating funds split by public hospitals (acute health), mental health, ambulance, dental, aged care, primary health and public health

## Figure 2: Annual capital funding

- 2.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 2.2 Source: Victorian State Government Budget Papers
- 2.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2005-06
- 2.4 Definition: Public hospital capital funding split by public hospitals (acute health) and other health facilities

## Figure 3: Total hospital capacity

- 3.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian public hospitals
- 3.2 Source: Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset
- 3.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2005-06
- 3.4 Definition: The total number of bed days for all admissions

## Figure 4: Critical care beds

- 4.1 Hospitals reporting: - Refer to Appendix 1, Hospitals with Critical Care Beds (intensive care and high dependency units)
- 4.2 Source: Office of the Coordinator of Emergency and Critical Care Services
- 4.3 Latest edition/update of the data: June 2005
- 4.4 Definition: (a) Occupied - A physical bed space which is occupied or is immediately available to receive admissions as required. It is a bed space that is staffed for 1:1 nursing care (ICU) or 1:2 nursing care (HDU) and is fully configured to ICU/HDU standards.  
(b) Not occupied - A physical bed space which is or will be available to receive admissions of either ICU or HDU patients within the next 8 hours. It is a bed space that is staffed for 1:1 nursing care (ICU) or 1:2 nursing care (HDU) and is fully configured to ICU/HDU standards.

### **Figure 5: Public hospital admissions, Victoria and Australia**

- 5.1 Hospitals reporting: All Australian public hospitals
- 5.2 Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare, Australian Bureau of Statistics
- 5.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2003-04
- 5.4 Definition: Admissions per 1,000 persons - sum of total public hospital admissions divided by the population

### **Figure 6: Public hospital admissions, total hip replacement, Victoria and Australia**

- 6.1 Hospitals reporting: All Australian public hospitals
- 6.2 Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
- 6.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2003-04
- 6.4 Definition: Total number of admissions for total hip replacement divided by the population.

### **Figure 7: Public hospital admissions, total knee replacement, Victoria and Australia**

- 7.1 Hospitals reporting: All Australian public hospitals
- 7.2 Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
- 7.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2003-04
- 7.4 Definition: Total number of admissions for total knee replacement divided by the population.

### **Figure 8: Public hospital admissions, total coronary angioplasty with insertion stent, Victoria and Australia**

- 8.1 Hospitals reporting: All Australian public hospitals
- 8.2 Source: Australian Institute of Health and Welfare
- 8.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2003-04
- 8.4 Definition: Total number of admissions for total coronary angioplasty with insertion stent divided by the population.

### **Figures 9 Proportion of emergency department patients seen within desirable times, Victoria and Australia**

- 9.1 Hospitals reporting: Australian Peer Group A & B Hospitals
- 9.2 Source: Department of Health and Ageing's 'State of Our Public Hospitals'
- 9.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2003-04
- 9.4 See figures 22-26

### **Figure 10: Victorian population, actual and estimated, people aged 65 and over**

- 10.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 10.2 Source: Australian Bureau of Statistics
- 10.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2003-04
- 10.4 Victorian population, actual and estimated, people aged 65 and over

### **Figure 11: Public Hospital admissions by age group**

- 11.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 11.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset
- 11.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file
- 11.4 Total admissions for people (a) aged under 65 (b) aged 65 and over

### **Figure 12: Public Hospital admission rate by age group**

- 12.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 12.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset; Australian Bureau of Statistics
- 12.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file, June 2005
- 12.4 Total admissions for people (a) aged under 65 (b) aged 65 and over; divided by the populations in those age groups.

### **Figure 13: Percentage of population aged 65 and over with private health insurance or Veteran Gold Card**

- 13.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 13.2 Source: (a) Private Health Insurance Advisory Council (b) Department of Veterans Affairs (c) Australian Bureau of Statistics
- 13.3 Latest edition/update of the data: June 2005
- 13.4 Number of people aged 65 and over with private health insurance or Veteran Gold Card divided by the number of people in that age group

### **Figure 14: Emergency admission rate by age group**

- 14.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 14.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset
- 14.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file
- 14.4 Total emergency admissions for people (a) aged under 65 (b) aged 65 and over; divided by the populations in those age groups.

### **Figure 15: Rate of home visits by GPs to persons aged 65 and over**

- 15.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 15.2 Source: Health Insurance Commission
- 15.3 Latest edition/update of the data: June 2005
- 15.4 Number of home visits by GPs to persons aged 65 and over divided by the population in that age group.

### **Figure 16: Emergency department presentations for people aged 65 and over, triage categories 1-3, 19 major hospitals**

- 16.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 16.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset
- 16.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file
- 16.4 Emergency department presentations for people aged 65 and over, triage categories 1-3, 19 major hospitals

### **Figure 17 Patients waiting for residential aged care**

- 17.1 Hospitals reporting: 14 Major Metropolitan Hospitals and 5 Major Rural Hospitals (See Appendix 1)
- 17.2 Source: Department of Human Services Bed Census
- 17.3 Latest edition/update of the data: June 2005
- 17.4 Bed days used by older patients waiting to access residential aged care facilities.

## **Figure 18: Patients admitted to hospital**

- 18.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 18.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset
- 18.3. Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file
- 18.4 Definition: The total separations

## **Figure 19: Patients treated in emergency departments**

- 19.1 Hospitals reporting: Emergency Department Reporting Hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 19.2 Source: VHRS – Emergency Presentations Universe
- 19.3. Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file
- 19.4 Definition: Total number of Emergency Department presentations -an ED presentation is reported for every patient who is triaged, including those patients who subsequently leave the ED before treatment commences.

## **Figure 20: Patients treated in specialist outpatient clinics**

- 20.1 Hospitals reporting: Victorian Ambulatory Classification System (VACS) reporting hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 20.2 Source: VACS Reporting System
- 20.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2004-05
- 20.4 Definition: Total encounters

## **Figure 21: Patients treated in community mental health outpatient clinics**

- 21.1 Hospitals reporting: Victorian Ambulatory Classification System (VACS) reporting hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 21.2 Source: VACS Reporting System
- 21.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2004-05
- 21.4 Definition: Total encounters

## **Figures 22-29 Emergency Department Data**

- 1 Hospitals reporting: Emergency Department Reporting Hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 2 Source: VHRS – Emergency Presentations Universe
- 3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file

## **Figure 22: Resuscitation (Triage Category 1) patients treated in emergency departments**

22.4 Definition:

- (a) Total number of Resuscitation (Triage category 1) patients treated in Emergency Departments – excludes those who left at their own risk without treatment, those who left after clinical advice regarding treatment options and or those who were dead on arrival (which means that there was no attempt to resuscitate the patient in the ED.
- (b) Number of Resuscitation (Triage category 1) patients as defined in 18.4 (a) who were seen immediately – that is, where their “Time to Treatment” was less than or equal to 1 minute.

Time to treatment is the difference between Arrival Date and Time and the Date and Time the patient is first seen by a nurse or doctor (whichever was first).

### **Figure 23: Emergency (Triage Category 2) patients treated in emergency departments**

#### 23.4 Definition:

- (a) Total number of Emergency (Triage category 2) patients treated in Emergency Departments – excludes those who left at their own risk without treatment, those who left after clinical advice regarding treatment options and or those who were dead on arrival (which means that there was no attempt to resuscitate the patient in the ED.
- (b) Number of Emergency (Triage category 2) patients as defined in 19.4 (a) who were seen within 10 minutes – that is, where their “Time to Treatment” was less than or equal to 10 minutes.

Time to treatment is the difference between Arrival Date and Time and the Date and Time the patient is first seen by a nurse or doctor (whichever was first).

### **Figure 24: Urgent (Triage Category 3) patients treated in emergency departments**

#### 24.4 Definition:

- (a) Total number of Urgent (Triage category 3) patients treated in Emergency Departments – excludes those who left at their own risk without treatment, those who left after clinical advice regarding treatment options and or those who were dead on arrival (which means that there was no attempt to resuscitate the patient in the ED.
- (b) Number of Urgent (Triage category 3) patients as defined in 20.4 (a) who were seen within 30 minutes – that is, where their “Time to Treatment” was less than or equal to 30 minutes.

Time to treatment is the difference between Arrival Date and Time and the Date and Time the patient is first seen by a nurse or doctor (whichever was first).

Definition: These are Triage Category 4 or 5 patients; who were not referred by a GP; who did not arrive by ambulance; who were not admitted to a ward; and whose LOS was less than 720 minutes.

### **Figure 25: Semi-Urgent (Triage Category 4) patients treated in emergency departments**

#### 25.4 Definition:

- (a) Total number of Semi-Urgent (Triage category 4) patients treated in Emergency Departments – excludes those who left at their own risk without treatment, those who left after clinical advice regarding treatment options and or those who were dead on arrival (which means that there was no attempt to resuscitate the patient in the ED.
- (b) Number of Semi-Urgent (Triage category 4) patients as defined in 21.4 (a) who were seen within 1 hour – that is, where their “Time to Treatment” was less than or equal to 60 minutes.

Time to treatment is the difference between Arrival Date and Time and the Date and Time the patient is first seen by a nurse or doctor (whichever was first).

### **Figure 26: Non-Urgent (Triage Category 5) patients treated in emergency departments**

#### 26.4 Definition:

- (a) Total number of Non-Urgent (Triage category 5) patients treated in Emergency Departments – excludes those who left at their own risk without treatment, those who

- left after clinical advice regarding treatment options and or those who were dead on arrival (which means that there was no attempt to resuscitate the patient in the ED.
- (b) Number of Non-Urgent (Triage category 5) patients as defined in 22.4 (a) who were seen within 2 hours – that is, where their “Time to Treatment” was less than or equal to 120 minutes.

Time to treatment is the difference between Arrival Date and Time and the Date and Time the patient is first seen by a nurse or doctor (whichever was first).

### **Figure 27: Percentage of time emergency departments went on hospital bypass**

27.4 Definition: Percentage of time a hospital defers the Metropolitan Ambulance Service when the A&E is full. Calculated as:

$$\% \text{ time on hospital bypass} = \frac{\text{Time on bypass (hours)}}{\text{Total number of hours in period}}$$

Time on bypass is calculated as end time less start time.

### **Figure 28: Number of patients admitted from emergency departments to hospital beds**

28.4 Definition:

- (a) Total number of Emergency Department presentations - an ED presentation is reported for every patient who is triaged, including those patients who subsequently leave the ED before treatment commences.
- (b) ED patients admitted an inpatient ward – ED patients whose Departure Status indicates they were admitted to a ward (including a medical assessment and planning unit), a short stay unit or an emergency medical unit.

### **Figure 29: Number of patients admitted from emergency departments to hospital beds within 12 hours**

29.4 Definition:

- (a) ED patients admitted to an inpatient bed – ED patients whose Departure Status indicates they were admitted to a ward (including a medical assessment and planning unit), a short stay unit or an emergency medical unit.
- (b) ED patients admitted to an inpatient bed within 12 hours - where the interval between the patient's date and time of arrival and the date and time of their departure from the ED to the inpatient bed is less than or equal to 12 hours.

### **Figures 30-41: Elective surgery performance data**

1. Hospitals Reporting ESIS reporting hospitals
2. Source: ESIS - Elective Surgery Information System
3. Date of report run or specific version of dataset used : September 2005 consolidation

### **Figure 30: Access to elective surgery – urgent patients**

30.4. Definition:

- (a) Number of Urgent (Category 1) patients listed for elective surgery as at end of the reporting period. NB Patients who are “not ready for care” and those waiting for a non-surgical procedure (Principal Prescribed Procedure code greater than or equal to 500) are excluded.
- (b) Number of Urgent (Category 1) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period. NB Patients who are “not ready for care” and those waiting for a non-

surgical procedure (Principal Prescribed Procedure code greater than or equal to 500) are excluded.

### **Figure 31: Percentage of urgent patients treated within 30 days**

31.4 Definition:

- (a) Number of Urgent (Category 1) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period whose "Total waiting time" is less than or equal to 30 days (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

as a percentage of:

- (b) Total number of Urgent (Category 1) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period.

### **Figure 32: Median time to treat - urgent patients admitted from the elective surgery list**

32.4 Definition:

The median "Total waiting time" for Urgent (Category 1) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

### **Figure 33: Access to elective surgery – semi-urgent patients**

33.4. Definition:

- (a) Number of Semi-Urgent (Category 2) patients listed for elective surgery as at end of the reporting period. NB Patients who are "not ready for care" and those waiting for a non-surgical procedure (Principal Prescribed Procedure code greater than or equal to 500) are excluded.
- (b) Number of Semi-Urgent (Category 2) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period. NB Patients who are "not ready for care" and those waiting for a non-surgical procedure (Principal Prescribed Procedure code greater than or equal to 500) are excluded.

### **Figure 34: Percentage of semi-urgent patients treated within 90 days**

34.4 Definition:

- (a) Number of Semi-Urgent (Category 2) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period whose "Total waiting time" is less than or equal to 90 days (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

as a percentage of:

- (b) Total number of Semi-Urgent (Category 2) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period.

### **Figure 35: Median time to treat - semi-urgent patients admitted from the elective surgery list**

#### 35.4. Definition:

The median "Total waiting time" for Semi-Urgent (Category 2) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

### **Figure 36: Access to elective surgery - non-urgent patients**

#### 36.4. Definition:

- (a) Number of Non-Urgent (Category 3) patients listed for elective surgery as at end of the reporting period. NB Patients who are "not ready for care" and those waiting for a non-surgical procedure (Principal Prescribed Procedure code greater than or equal to 500) are excluded.
- (b) Number of Non-Urgent (Category 3) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period. NB Patients who are "not ready for care" and those waiting for a non-surgical procedure (Principal Prescribed Procedure code greater than or equal to 500) are excluded.

### **Figure 37: Percentage of non-urgent patients treated within 365 days**

#### 37.4 Definition:

- (a) Number of Non-Urgent (Category 3) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period whose "Total waiting time" is less than or equal to 365 days (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

as a percentage of:

- (b) Total number of Non-Urgent (Category 3) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period.

### **Figure 38: Median waiting time - non-urgent patients admitted from the elective surgery list**

#### 38.4 Definition:

The median "Total waiting time" for Non-Urgent (Category 3) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

### **Figure 39: Median time to treat urgent patients by clinical specialty, 2004-05**

#### 39.4. Definition:

The median "Total waiting time" by clinical specialty for Urgent (Category 1) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

## **Figure 40: Median time to treat semi-urgent patients by clinical specialty**

### 40.4. Definition:

The median "Total waiting time" by clinical specialty for Semi-Urgent (Category 2) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

## **Figure 41: Median time to treat non-urgent patients by clinical specialty**

### 41.4. Definition:

The median "Total waiting time" by clinical specialty for Non-Urgent (Category 3) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

## **Figure 42: Median time to treatment for semi-urgent and non-urgent cholecystectomy patients**

41.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)

41.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset

41.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidation

41.4 Definition: The median "Total waiting time" by cholecystectomy procedures for Semi-Urgent (Category 2) and Non-Urgent (Category 3) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

## **Figure 43: Median time to treatment for semi-urgent and non-urgent varicose vein patients**

41.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)

41.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset

41.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidation

41.4 Definition: Definition: The median "Total waiting time" by varicose vein procedures for Semi-Urgent (Category 2) and Non-Urgent (Category 3) patients admitted for elective surgery during the reporting period (Total waiting time is the difference between the date that the patient was listed for the procedure to the date they were admitted to hospital for the awaited procedure (excluding *Not Ready for Care Days*)).

## **Figure 44: Funding for dental health services**

44.1 Hospitals reporting: NA

44.2 Source: Dental Health Services Victoria; Community Dental program

44.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2005-06

44.4 Definition:

## **Figure 45: People treated in community dental clinics**

45.1 Hospitals reporting: NA

45.2 Source: Dental Health Services Victoria; Community Dental program

45.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2004-05

45.4 Definition:

## **Figure 46: Average time to treatment for dentures and restorative dental care**

- 46.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 46.2 Source: Dental Health Services Victoria; Community Dental program
- 46.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 30 June 2005
- 46.4 Definition:

## **Figures 47 - 49: Patient satisfaction**

- 1 Hospitals reporting: Obtain list
- 2 Source: Victorian Patient Satisfaction Monitor questionnaire
- 3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2004

## **Figure 50: Hospital cleanliness: selected metropolitan health services**

- 50.1 Hospitals reporting: Bayside, Mercy Public, Southern, St Vincent's, Women's and Children's
- 50.2 Source: Health Services Environment Service Departments
- 50.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2004-05
- 50.4 Definition:

## **Figure 51: Hospital cleanliness: selected rural health services**

- 51.1 Hospitals reporting: Bairnsdale, Bendigo, East Grampians, Goulburn Valley, Western District
- 51.2 Source: Health Services Environment Service Departments
- 51.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2004-05
- 51.4 Definition:

## **Figure 52: Patients admitted for same day treatment**

- 52.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 52.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset
- 52.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file
- 52.4 Definition: The total separations where admission date equals separation date.

## **Figure 53: Patients admitted for cholecystectomy**

- 53.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 53.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset
- 53.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file
- 53.4 Definition: The total separations where procedure code is cholecystectomy

## **Figure 54: Average length of stay for cholecystectomy patients**

- 54.1 Hospitals reporting: All Victorian hospitals (refer to Appendix 1)
- 54.2 Source: VAED – Victorian Admitted Episodes Dataset
- 54.3 Latest edition/update of the data: September 2005 consolidated file
- 54.4 Definition:

## **Figure 55: Immunisation rates for children at two years of age, Victoria**

- 55.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 55.2 Source: Australian Childhood Immunisation Register
- 55.3 Latest edition/update of the data: June 2005
- 55.4 Definition:

**Figure 56: Influenza vaccination rates for people aged 65 or over, Victoria**

- 56.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 56.2 Source: Australian Report on Australian Government Services, State and Territory Govts.
- 56.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2004-05
- 56.4 Definition:

**Figure 57: Participation rates of women aged 50-69 years in breast screening programs, Victoria**

- 57.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 57.2 Source: Australian Report on Australian Government Services, State and Territory Govts.
- 57.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2005
- 57.4 Definition:

**Figure 58: Participation rates of women in cervical screening programs, Victoria**

- 58.1 Hospitals reporting: NA
- 58.2 Source: Australian Report on Australian Government Services, State and Territory Govts.
- 58.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2005
- 58.4 Definition:

**Figure 59: Number of full-time equivalent nursing staff, Victorian public hospitals**

- 59.1 Hospitals reporting: All public hospitals
- 59.2 Source: Minimum Employment Dataset
- 59.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 30 June 2004 (est.) June 2005
- 59.4 Definition:

**Figure 60: Number of salaried doctors working wholly in Victorian public hospitals**

- 60.1 Hospitals reporting: All public hospitals
- 60.2 Source: Minimum Employment Dataset
- 60.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 2004
- 60.4 Definition:

**Figure 61: Number of dental clinicians in the community dental program, Victoria**

- 61.1 Hospitals reporting: All public hospitals
- 61.2 Source: Minimum Employment Dataset
- 61.3 Latest edition/update of the data: 30 June 2005
- 61.4 Definition:

## **Appendix 1**

### Hospital Lists

#### 14 Major Metropolitan Hospitals

Alfred Hospital  
Angliss Hospital  
Austin Hospital  
Box Hill Hospital  
Dandenong Hospital  
Frankston Hospital  
Maroondah Hospital  
Monash Medical Centre  
Northern Hospital  
Royal Children's Hospital  
Royal Melbourne Hospital  
St Vincent's Hospital  
Sunshine Hospital  
Western Hospital

#### 5 Major Rural Hospitals

Ballarat Health Services  
Barwon Health  
Bendigo Health Care Group  
Goulburn Valley Health  
Latrobe Regional Hospital

#### Victorian Ambulatory Classification System (VACS) reporting hospitals

Alfred Hospital  
Austin Hospital  
Ballarat Health Services  
Barwon Health  
Bendigo Health Care Group  
Box Hill Hospital  
Dandenong Hospital  
Frankston Hospital  
Mercy Hospital for Women  
Monash Medical Centre  
Northern Hospital  
Royal Children's Hospital  
Royal Melbourne Hospital  
Royal Victorian Eye and Ear Hospital  
Royal Women's Hospital  
St Vincent's Hospital  
Sunshine Hospital  
Western Hospital

Hospitals with Critical Care Beds (intensive care and high dependency units)

Alfred Hospital  
Austin Hospital  
Barwon Health  
Box Hill Hospital  
Dandenong Hospital  
Frankston Hospital  
Maroondah Hospital  
Monash Medical Centre  
Northern Hospital  
Royal Melbourne Hospital  
St Vincent's Hospital  
Western Hospital

Emergency Department Reporting Hospitals

Alfred Hospital  
Angliss Hospital  
Austin Hospital  
Ballarat Health Services  
Barwon Health  
Bendigo Health Care Group  
Box Hill Hospital  
Dandenong Hospital  
Frankston Hospital  
Goulburn Valley Health Shepparton  
Latrobe Regional Hospital  
Maroondah Hospital  
Monash Medical Centre  
Northern Hospital  
Royal Children's Hospital  
Royal Melbourne Hospital  
St Vincent's Hospital  
Sunshine Hospital  
Western Hospital

Hospital Bypass Reporting Hospitals

Alfred Hospital  
Angliss Hospital  
Austin Hospital  
Box Hill Hospital  
Dandenong Hospital  
Frankston Hospital  
Maroondah Hospital  
Monash Medical Centre  
Northern Hospital  
Royal Melbourne Hospital  
St Vincent's Hospital  
Sunshine Hospital  
Western Hospital

ESIS Reporting Hospitals

Alfred Hospital

Angliss Hospital

Austin Hospital (includes Repatriation Hospital)

Ballarat Health Services

Bendigo Health Care Group

Box Hill Hospital

Casey Hospital

Dandenong Hospital (includes Cranbourne Int Care Centre)

Frankston Hospital

Geelong Hospital

Goulburn Valley Health Shepparton

Latrobe Regional Hospital

Maroondah Hospital

Mercy Hospital for Women

Mercy Werribee Hospital

Monash Medical Centre

Northeast Health Wangaratta

Northern Hospital

Rosebud Hospital

Royal Children's Hospital

Royal Melbourne Hospital

Royal Victorian Eye and Ear Hospital

Royal Women's Hospital

Sandringham Hospital

St Vincent's Hospital

Sunshine Hospital

West Gippsland Healthcare Group

Western Hospital

Williamstown Hospital

All Victorian hospitals (VAED)

Alexandra District Hospital  
Alfred Hospital  
Alpine Health  
Angliss Hospital  
Austin Hospital (including Repatriation Hospital)  
Bairnsdale Regional Health Service  
Ballarat Health Services  
Geelong Hospital  
Bass Coast Regional Health  
Beaufort & Skipton Health Service  
Beechworth Health Service  
Benalla & District Memorial Hospital  
Bendigo Hospital  
Boort District Hospital  
Box Hill Hospital  
Broadmeadows Health Service  
Bundoora Extended Care Centre  
Calvary Health Care Bethlehem  
Caritas Christi Hospice Ltd  
Casey Hospital  
Casterton Memorial Hospital  
Caulfield General Medical Centre  
Central Gippsland Health Service  
Cobram District Hospital  
Cohuna District Hospital  
Colac Area Health  
Coleraine District Health Services  
Dandenong Campus  
Cranbourne Int Care Centre  
Royal Dental Hospital  
Djerriwarrh Health Service  
Dunmunkle Health Services  
East Grampians Health Service  
East Wimmera Health Service  
Echuca Regional Health  
Edenhope & District Hospital  
Frankston Hospital  
Korumburra Hospital  
Goulburn Valley Health Shepparton  
Healesville and District Hospital  
Daylesford District Hospital  
Hesse Rural Health Service  
Heywood Rural Health  
Inglewood & District Health Service  
Kerang District Health  
Kilmore & District Hospital  
Kingston Centre  
Kooweerup Regional Health Service  
Kyabram & District Health Service  
Kyneton District Health Service  
Latrobe Regional Hospital  
Lorne Community Hospital  
Maldon Hospital  
Mallee Track Health & Community Service  
Manangatang & District Hospital  
Mansfield District Hospital  
Maroondah Hospital  
Maryborough District Health Service

Mclvor Health & Community Services  
Mercy Hospital for Women  
Mercy Werribee Hospital  
Mildura Base Hospital  
Monash Medical Centre  
Mount Alexander  
Mount Eliza Aged Care and Rehabilitation Service  
Moyne Health Services  
Nathalia District Hospital  
Northeast Health Wangaratta  
Numurkah & District Health Service  
OConnell Family Centre Inc  
Omeo District Health  
Orbost Regional Health  
Otway Health & Community Services  
Peter James Centre  
Peter MacCallum Cancer Institute  
Portland District Health  
Queen Elizabeth Centre [Noble Park]  
Robinvale District Health Services  
Rochester & Elmore District Health Service  
Rosebud Hospital  
Royal Childrens Hospital  
Royal Melbourne Hospital  
Royal Victorian Eye & Ear Hospital  
Royal Womens Hospital  
Rural Northwest Health  
Sandringham & District Memorial Hospital  
Seymour District Memorial Hospital  
South Gippsland Hospital  
South West Healthcare  
St Georges Health - Normanby House  
St Vincents Hospital  
Stawell Regional Health  
Sunshine Hospital  
Swan Hill District Hospital  
Tallangatta Health Service  
Terang & Mortlake Health Service  
Northern Hospital  
Timboon & District Healthcare Service  
Tweddle Child & Family Health Centre  
Upper Murray Health & Community Services  
West Gippsland Healthcare Group  
West Wimmera Health Service  
Hamilton Base Hospital  
Western Hospital  
Williamstown Hospital  
Wimmera Base Hospital  
Wodonga Regional Health Service  
Yarram & District Health Service  
Yarrawonga District Health Service  
Yea & District Memorial Hospital